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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/626,370	05/21/2004	Shyh-Homg Chiou	4910-9DIV	2287
7590 12/01/2005			EXAMINER	
COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE			SWOPE, SHERIDAN	
551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1210 New York, NY 10176			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
New Fork, NT 10170			1656	

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/626,370	CHIOU, SHYH-HORNG				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sheridan L. Swope	1656				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s' Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the nearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re n. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT tatute, cause the application to become AB/	ATION. ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	owance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> are subject to restriction and	/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exan	niner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □	accepted or b) objected to b	y the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	rrection is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
						3. Copies of the certified copies of the
application from the International Bu	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not r	eceived.				
Attachment(s)	 .					
1)	4) ∐ Interview Su Paper No(s)	mmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB	/08) 5) 🔲 Notice of Inf	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-23 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-7 drawn to methods of purifying proteases, classified in class 435, subclass 219.
- II. Claims 8-13, drawn to vectors expressing auto-catalytic proteases, classified in class 536, subclass 23.2.
- III. Claims 14 and 15, drawn to protease proteins, classified in class 435, subclass 212.
- IV. Claims 16-23, drawn to methods of treatment using a protease, classified in class424, subclass 94.63.

For each of Inventions I-IV above, restriction to one of the following is also required under 35 USC 121. Therefore, election is required of one of Inventions I-VI and one of Inventions (A)-(U), as indicated.

If Invention I is elected, elect one of:

- (A.) Phe-Leu—Arg
- (B.) Phe-Val-Arg
- (C.) Phe-Pro-Arg
- (D.) Pro-Phe-Arg
- (E.) Leu-Phe-Arg
- (F.) A specific combination of (A)-(E).

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If Invention II is elected, elect one of:

- (G.) SEQ ID NO: 2
- (H.) SEQ ID NO: 3
- (I.) SEQ ID NO: 4
- (J.) SEQ ID NO: 5
- (K.) SEQ ID NO: 6

If Invention IV is elected, elect one of:

- (L.) Hypertension
- (M.) Stroke
- (N.) Thrombosis

If invention IV is elected, also elect one of:

- (O.) A protease capable of cleaving Angiotensin I
- (P.) A protease capable of releasing bradykinin from plasma kiningen
- (Q.) A protease capable of digesting N-benzoyl-Protein-Phe-Arg-p-nitroanailide
- (R.) A specific kallikrein-like protein
- (S.) Tm-VIG
- (T.) Tm-IIG
- (U.) A specific combination of (O)-(T).

Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). Also, product and process inventions are distinct if any of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and

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materially different product, (2) that the product claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product, or (3) that the product claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(h)). These inventions are different or distinct for the following reasons.

The method of Invention I is related to the vector of Invention II as a product and process of using. The inventions are distinct because the vector can also be used for hybridization assays.

The method of Invention I is related to the polypeptide of Invention III as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct because the polypeptide can also be made by chemical synthesis.

The polynucleotide of Invention II is related to the polypeptide of Invention III by virtue of encoding the same. The DNA molecule has utility for the recombinant production of the polypeptide in host cells. Although the DNA molecule and polypeptide are related, since the DNA encodes the specifically claimed polypeptide, they are distinct inventions because they are physically and functionally distinct chemical entities, and the polypeptide product can be made by another and materially different process, such as by synthetic peptide synthesis or purification from the natural source. Further, the DNA may be used for processes other than the production of the polypeptide, such as in a nucleic acid hybridization assay.

Inventions I and IV are independent because the methods of Inventions I and IV comprise different steps, utilize different products and/or produce different results.

Inventions I and IV are unrelated because the method of Invention IV can neither use the product of Invention I nor be used to make said product.

The method of Invention IV is related to the protein of Invention III as a product and process of using. The inventions are distinct because the protein can also be used for making an antibody.

A search for more than on of Inventions I-IV would be a burden on the Office for the following reasons.

The search of Invention II would not encompass a search for Invention I, which would include searching the prior art for teachings of the purified polypeptide. Conversely, a search for Invention I, class 435, subclass 212, would not encompass a search for Invention I, which would include searching class 536, subclass 23.2. Thus, a search of either Invention I or II would not encompass a search for the other invention and searching both inventions would be a burden on the Office.

Because the products of Inventions II and III are structurally and/or functionally distinct entities, a search for one said invention would not encompass a search for any other invention and both of Inventions II and III would be a burden on the Office.

Because the methods of Inventions I and IV comprise different steps, utilize different products, and/or produce different results, a search for one said invention would not encompass a search for the other invention and both of Inventions I and IV would be a burden on the Office.

A search for the products of Inventions II and III would not encompass a search for the methods of Inventions I and IV, or vice versa, because said methods are not the only methods of making and/or using said products. Thus, a search of any of Inventions II and III with any of Inventions I and IV would be a burden on the Office.

These inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, as shown by their different classification. Furthermore, as explained above, searching more than one invention would be a burden on the Office. Therefore, restriction for examination purposes, as indicated, is proper.

Restriction between product and process claims has been required. Where Applicant elects claims directed to a product, and the product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the Official Gazette notice dated March 26, 1996 (1184 O.G. 86; see also M.P.E.P. 821.04, *In re* Ochiai, and *In re* Brouwer). Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right, if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. To be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sheridan L. Swope whose telephone number is 571-272-0943. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F; 9:30-7 EST.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathleen Kerr can be reached on 571-272-0931. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published application may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on the access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sheridan Lee Swope, Ph.D.

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SHERIDAN SWOPE, Ph.D. PATENT EXAMINER